Adjectives are words that describe the qualities or states of being of nouns: enormous, doglike, silly, yellow, fun, fast. They can also describe the quantity of nouns: many, few, millions, eleven.

1 Choose the most suitable adjective from the brackets to fill each gap.

a. The **homeless** beggar wore **wet dirty** clothes. (disgusting, homeless, wet dirty).

b. The **old** giant lived in an **enormous** castle. (ugly, enormous, ancient, cold, old).

c. The **healthy** girl ate a **little** apple. (green, healthy, little, crunchy, juicy).

d. The **fat** cat chased the **tiny** mouse. (fat, clever, noisy, frightened, tiny)

e. The **evil** monster had a **hideous** nose. (long, evil, strange, metal, hideous).

f. The **funny** clown had **big** boots (funny, heavy, big, comical, colouful).

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Write the opposites of the bold words. See the example.

a. Speak English is **easy**. It isn´t difficult.

b. This dress is **expensive**. It isn´t **cheap**

c. That girl is **young**. She isn´t **old**

d. My niece is **calm**. She isn´t **noisy**

e. This object is **heavy**. It isn´t **lightweight**

f. My sweater is **dry**. It isn´t **wet**

g. The classroom is **crowed**. It isn´t **empty**

h. We´re **beautiful**. We aren´t **ugly**

i. She is always **healthy**. She **sick**

BANK WORDS

difficult
ugly
punctual
sick
wet
cheap
old
noisy
lightweight
empty

Find the opposites of the adjectives.

FAT   **HAPPY**   **HOT**   **WET**   **LIGHT**   **RICH**

U	B	L	Y	F	C	R	O	P	S	W	E	A	K
P	O	F	U	L	L	I	T	E	D	O	Z	E	L
I	S	W	E	A	E	B	M	T	R	A	D	G	F
S	L	O	W	I	A	U	C	H	K	N	H	I	W
G	A	Q	U	E	N	S	D	I	Y	O	A	N	E
L	Z	B	I	G	E	L	O	N	G	Y	R	C	H
R	E	S	A	N	D	W	A	I	C	P	D	F	Y
Y	A	H	E	A	V	Y	R	M	S	L	E	W	P
N	S	B	A	L	O	O	K	N	H	D	O	T	O
T	Y	N	C	H	E	A	P	O	D	E	R	N	O
U	P	D	V	N	S	U	T	I	R	E	K	D	R
H	A	R	G	E	A	F	P	S	Y	G	I	T	E
O	L	C	O	L	D	S	W	I	Z	H	N	A	Q
S	H	O	R	T	U	W	I	N	E	W	G	R	S

LAZY   **STRONG**   **FAST**   **TALL**   **EMPTY**

SHORT   **DIRTY**   **SMALL**   **EXPENSIVE**   **DIFFICULT**   **OLD**

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