

# vocabulary Pag 223

wildlife = Fauna silvestre

predator = Depredador

own = propio

able = capaz

demonstrate = demostrar

promenade = paseo

known = conocido

entangled = enredado

brightly = brillantemente

flyhighly = volando

recently = recientemente

flytrap = atrapamoscas

brochure = folleto

## READING COMPREHENSION



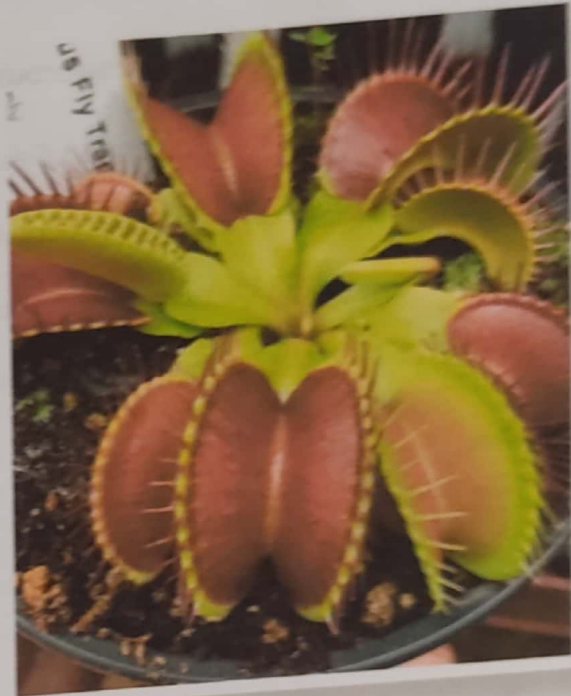
1 Read the following text and answer the questions.

### The Carnivorous Plant Exhibit

Welcome to the carnivorous plant exhibit at the National Museum for Plants and Wildlife. For the next three months, the museum will display two popular species of carnivorous plants: the Venus Flytrap and the Asian Pitcher Plant.

Carnivorous plants are **predatory** green plants that capture and eat other animals. These plants attract, catch, digest, and process the nutrients from insects all on their **own**.

They are **able** to do this, because the leaves of these plants have special colors and nectar that can attract and trap insects. On Saturdays at 11:00 am, 1:00 pm, and 3:00 pm, a carnivorous plant expert will lecture about carnivorous plants and **demonstrate** this captivating feeding process in the **promenade** outside of the exhibit. You won't be able to keep your eyes off of this extremely interesting display!



#### Venus Flytrap

The Venus Flytrap is probably the most familiar species of carnivorous plant. They typically grow in the southeast part of the United States, because they prosper in warm, moist climates. Venus Flytraps are mostly **known** for consuming flies, but they will eat any insect that happens to become **entangled** in their trap. Because of their **brightly** colored insides, insects are easily attracted to Venus Flytraps. Once it lands, an insect will become stuck to the sticky pad. The flytrap will slowly begin to close and finally snap shut before it consumes the insect. It may take several days for an insect to be digested. If a Venus **Flytrap** is closed, you can tell it must have **recently** dined.

#### Asian Pitcher Plant

The Asian Pitcher Plant is named for its leaves, which resemble a beautiful pitcher. These plants typically grow near **ponds**. They are so attractive to insects because their pitcher-shaped leaves are multi-colored and **mimic** flowers. These leaves also produce tantalizing nectar. A curious insect will approach, take a sip, and then fall into the long **narrow** shoot to its death. The shoot is lined with sticky hairs that aid in capturing and digestion. Usually, they only consume small insects; but once in a while a small lizard or **frog** may **stumble** into the shoot and the Asian Pitcher Plant does not discriminate. If it fits, it feeds!

1 This passage would most likely be found in a(n)

- a science fiction story
- b gardening magazine article
- c science fair invitation
- d museum exhibit booklet

2 According to the passage, carnivorous plants are

- a known for mostly consuming flies, but will eat other insects
- b predatory green plants that capture and eat other animals
- c so attractive because of their beautifully shaped leaves
- d plants that are consumed by carnivorous animals in the wild

3 Based on information in paragraph 1, it can be understood that captivating belongs to which word group?

- a capturing, catching, ensnaring
- b modeling, indicating, displaying
- c fascinating, enthralling, interesting
- d shocking, amazing, inspiring