

Texto.

Everyone has a favorite attraction at an amusement park and I am no different. However, unlike most people who seem to prefer rollercoasters, my favorite ride is a little more gentle. Every time I go to Coney Island, Navy Pier, or the Santa Monica Pier, I absolutely have to ride the Ferris wheel.

The Ferris wheel is simple and yet also quite complex. That is, riding it is easy, but how it works is complicated. A series of carts are attached to a wheel, which is attached to a rim. That rim rotates vertically around an axis, and gravity keeps the carts upright. As simple as the ride seems, only advanced engineers can make safe and fun Ferris wheels.

amusement: Diversión most: más rollercoasters: montañas rusas

riding: equitación attached: adjunta Upright: vertical

engineers: ingenieros



The text is about the amusement park and its attractions such as the rollercoaster.

1 A

3 D

5 A

2 B

4 B

6 C

1 The word attraction most likely means.

A ride

2 It can be understood that Coney Island, Navy Pier and Santa Monica pier are all examples of.

A Amusement Parks

B is the best antonym complex?

D Simple

4 about ferris wheels?

C the beautiful sights and relaxations they allow

5 The ferris wheel was originally designed for

B The world's fair

6 likely written to

D Explain the history of ferris wheels and why the author

7 ferris wheel in the world is

C between 500 and 750 feet tall

- 1 Banana
- 2 Strawberry
- 3 Orange
- 4 Mango



REDMI NOTE 9
AI QUAD CAMERA

- | | | | |
|--------------|----------|---------------|--------------|
| 1 Banana | 5 Cherry | 9 Papaya | 13 Nectarine |
| 2 Strawberry | 6 Apple | 10 Date | 14 Kiwi |
| 3 Orange | 7 grape | 11 Blackberry | 15 Coconut |
| 4 Mango | 8 Melon | 12 Blueberry | 16 Lemon |

PRESENT PERFECT.

Example: Mary **has** eaten Meat
 Mary **has** not eaten meat / Mary **hasn't** eaten meat

Has Mary eaten meat

Peter and Diego **have** eaten bread

They **have** not eaten bread

Have they eaten bread?

- 1 Over the years, I have found three great recipes for chocolate cake.
- 2 Joel has already written his project for History class.
- 3 I have never felt so tired my life!
- 4 Julia has kept her sillies collection since she was six years old.
- 5 I have heard that podcast for times. The interview was so interesting, I played it again and again.
- 6 Have you sent that email yet to your teacher?
- 7 They have sung Ha Tikva at every school assembly since seventh grade.
- 8 Kim has taken her medicine already.
- 9 Have you ever held a snake?
- 10 No talking! We have begun the test.



1. Sam and Tal **haven't kept** packing for their trip to India yet.
 2. Can you have a teen holding the baggy? **haven't had** him in two weeks.
 3. John asked if he could borrow my jacket, but he **haven't** it.
 4. This concert is great but the band **hasn't sang** the 12 most...
 5. **haven't heard** **read read**
 6. **haven't found** **wear worn**
 7. **haven't seen** take visit visited
 8. **haven't felt** live eat eaten
 9. **haven't kept** finish finished
 10. **haven't written** break broken
 pay paid
 never never
 meet met
 see seen
 buy bought
 be being
 have had
 raise raised
 grow grown

Dictado:

DICTATION.

- 1 House
- 2 Door
- 3 chair
- 4 Pencil
- 5 eleven

- 6 table
- 7 English
- 8 bed
- 9 love
- 10 water

- 11 Supermarket
- 12 teacher
- 13 beautiful
- 14 student
- 15 river

- 16 Under
- 17 Sugar
- 18 happy
- 19 clock
- 20 flower

PRESENT PERFECT

El presente perfecto es tiempo verbal utilizado para describir hechos ocurridos en un momento del pasado, pero que siguen teniendo relevancia en el presente.

The present perfect is a verb tense used to describe events occurred at a time in the past, but are still relevant in the present.

Question	Subject	Auxiliary, has/have	Verb in participle	Complement
I	I	have	Spoken	in a conference
You	you	have	Spoken	in a conference
She	she	has	Spoken	in a conference
He	he	has	Spoken	in a conference
It	it	has	Spoken	in a conference
We	we	have	Spoken	in a conference
They	they	have	Spoken	in a conference
You	you	have	Spoken	in a conference

The present perfect is used to describe
An action or situation that started in the past and continues in the
present. I have lived in Belarus since 1984 and I still do.
An action performed during a period that has not yet finished. She has
been to the cinema twice this week and the week isn't over yet.
A repeated action in an unspecified period between the past and now. We have
visited Portugal several times.

An action when the time is not important. He has read war and peace (the time
of this reading is important)

Actions started in the past and continuing in the present.

1 They haven't lived here for years.

2 She has worked in the bank for five years.

3 We have had the same car for ten years.

4 Have you played the piano since you were a child.

Actions repeated in an unspecified period between the past and now.

1 They have seen that film six times.

2 It has happened several times already.

3 She has visited them frequently.

4 We have eaten at that restaurant many times.



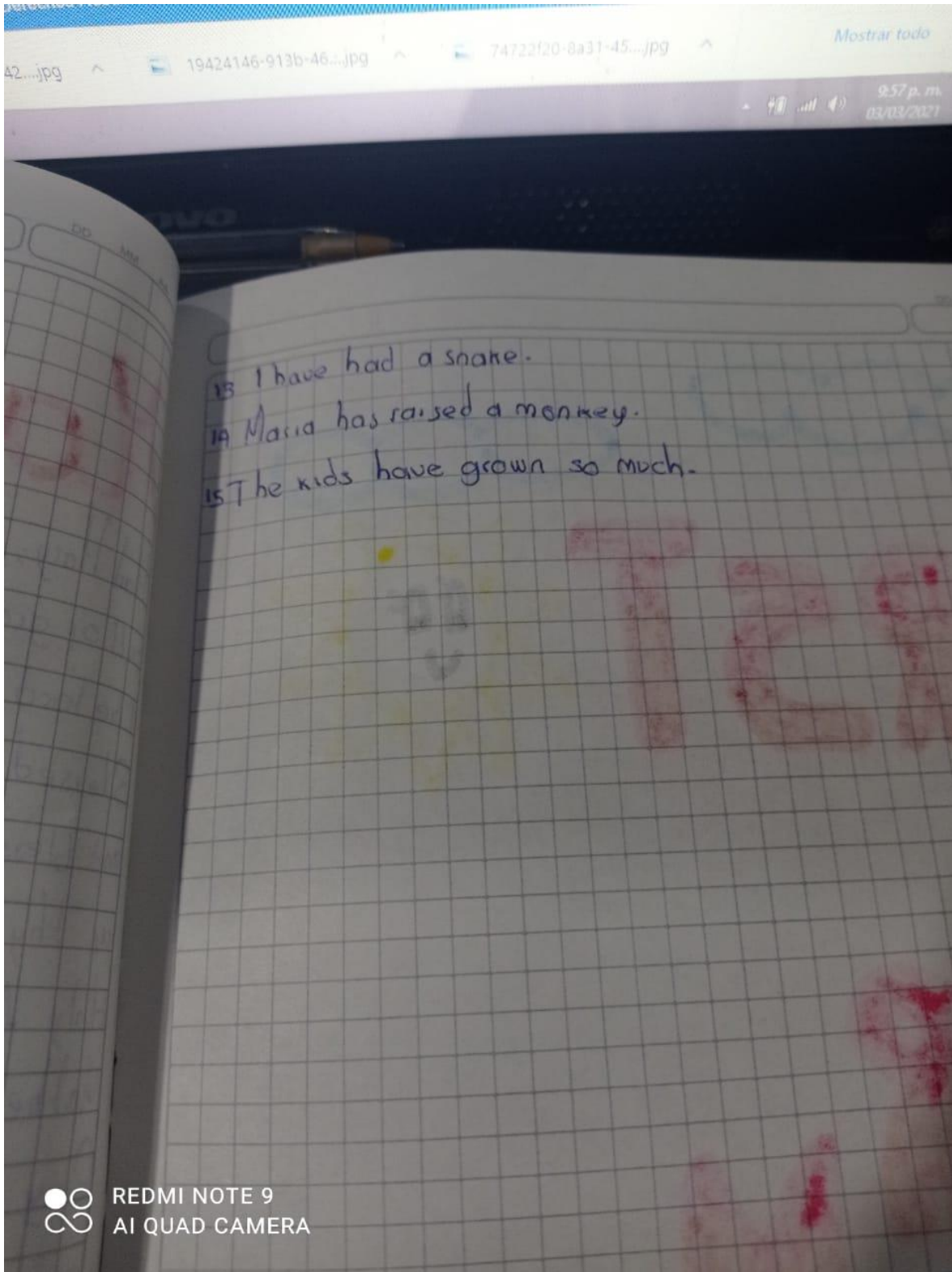
Solución

Página.

Change the verb into the correct form:

- 1 I have read your book several times.
- 2 She has worn
- 3 My family has visited
- 4 I have eaten
- 5 Marta has finished
- 6 You has broken the glass again.
- 7 They have paid for everything.
- 8 it has like that.
- 9 I have met Ana Once.
- 10 We have seen him before.
- 11 You have bought 4 cars so far.
- 12 There has being problems.





INGLES PRESENT PERFECT.

MANUELA CAMARGO BAREÑO.