

PAST SIMPLE

Date: 10th, February 2021 (Wednesday)

Dictation test of 20 words

1) House

2) ~~Book~~ Book

3) cheer

4) Pencil

5) Eleven

6) Teyvol

7) English

8) Bed

9) lofi

10) wader

11) supermarket

12) Tischler

13) ~~Butt~~ Butt

14) Estades

15) River

16) Orchester

17) ~~chips~~ chips

18) ~~maail~~

19) ~~clax~~

20) Eraver

Date: 12th, February 2021 (F. Day)

Reading comprehension (Materials)

A material is what something is made of. There are 5 basic materials. Most things are made of metal. Some things are made with these materials, some things are some. And some things are made of plastic, there are some other materials, but they are not used as much as these 5 materials.

Let's talk about metal first. Metal is very heavy, and it is very hard and strong. It usually feels cool if you touch it. We use metal to make lots of things. We use it for forks and knives, because it is very strong.

Next, let's talk about glass. Glass is very smooth. It feels cool to touch. It is not as heavy as metal. It is hard but is not strong. It breaks very easily! Then why do we use

it! we use it because it is clear! you can see through glass that's why we use it for windows. That's also why we use it for glasses.

Now let's talk about wood wood is lighter than metal and glass. It is not as strong as metal. But it is much stronger as metal. But it is much stronger in class we use wood to make lots of things things made from wood

Now let's talk about cotton it is much lighter than wood and is very soft. we use it to make lots of things. For example, it is used to make And it is used to make blankets

Vocabulary

- 1 wood madera
- 2 cloth tela
- 3 of glass vidrio
- 4 easily fragmenta
- 5 new nueva
- 6 soft suave
- 7 made hecho
- 8 wood madera
- 9 cloth tela
- 10 But Pero
- 11 plastic plastica
- 12 make hacer
- 13 bicycle bicicleta
- 14 bags pantalón
- 15 different diferente
- 16 light ligero
- 17 sometimes algunas veces

1 Which sentence from the passage is the best description of the wind?

B metal is very hard

2 According to the passage, which of these three things is a window?

C) windows

Date: 17th, February

3 According to the passage, how do they feel?

A smooth and cool

4 In paragraph 4, the passage says, "It is lighter than metal and glass." What is the main purpose of this sentence?

The main purpose of this sentence

C to compare something

5 Which material would you use if you wanted to make something that was strong and very light?

A plastic

6 In this passage, the author talks about

B heavy thing first, then light things

In this passage, we learn about a different materials

Past Simple

- What do you remember about the past simple?
- 1) Add ED to verb
- 2) The auxiliary is "did"
- 3) In negative form "didn't" or "did not"
- 4) Regular verbs Rules
- 5) Irregular verbs
- 6) Events in the past.

Past Simple

is a verb tense which is used to show that a completed action took place at a specific time in the past.

The simple past is also frequently used to talk about past habits and generalizations.

Example: I studied at the university
the last year

I went to Berlin the last vacation.

She traveled to USA two years ago

past simple tense

We use the past tense to talk about

1) something that happened once in the

past:

2) something that happened again and again

In the past

3) something that was true for some time in

the past:

In English you can find two kinds of

verbs:

1 Add -ed
to the base form of most verbs

Start - started

2 Add only -d

When the base form ends in an e

live - lived

3 IF the verb ends in a consonant +

y, change the y to i and add -ed Dray - dried

carry - carried

4 IF the verb ends in a vowel + y, do

not change the y. Just add -ed

Play - played

5 IF the verb has one syllable and ends

in a consonant + vowel + consonant (CVC),

double the final consonant and add -ed

Stop - stopped

6 Do not double final w or x

sew - sewed

- 1 meet - met
- 2 drive - drove
- 3 speak - spoke
- 4 put - put
- 5 write - wrote
- 6 sing - sang
- 7 do - did
- 8 sit - sat
- 9 stand - stood
- 10 run - ran

1 Mary slept every night

Mary did not sleep every night

2 Luis did not run on the road

3 They ate pizza yesterday

They did not eat pizza yesterday

4 We understood the activity

We did not understand the activity

5 Did Mary sleep every night?

6 Did Luis run on the road?

7 Did we understand the activity?

Did they eat pizza yesterday.

A nice weeked

Put the verbs in brackets into past simple

Ann and Kate had nice weekeds! On Friday evening they were at the playground. They played with a ball. On Saturday Kate helped her mother. The girl cleaned the floor and washed the dishes. Then she Computer games on Saturday evening. Kate helped to the zoo with her parents. They watched lions and monkeys there. And was at the evening Ann walked but got in the park. On Sunday Ann and Kate were at the beach. They in the river. The girls had a lovely time! In the evening they came home and did their homework. Ann and Kate went to bed early because they had to go to school on Monday.

2 Write if the sentences is true or false

1 Ann and Kate didn't have nice weekends. False

2 On Friday evening Ann and Kate played at the playground. True

3 On Saturday Ann cleaned the floor and washed the dishes. False

4 Kate watched tigers and elephants at zoo. False

5 Ann didn't swim in the river. False

6 On Sunday evening the girls did their homework. True

3

a At the cinema on Saturday

b To the zoo with her parents

c Then she computer games

d Her got in the park

4

1 Where did Ann and Kate play with a ball?

Playground

2 How did Kate go to help her mother?
Cleaned the floor and washed the dishes

3

Question

a Where was Marino going on vacation?

RTA VAT to Spain

b What time did he leave the house

RTA left at 10

c How did he get to the airport?

RTA he left by taxi

d When did he realize that he did not have his passport

RTA he returned to the house

e How long did it take to go back to his house in the taxi

RTA twenty minutes