

ENGLISH

Name: Juan Pablo Gutierrez Parra

Teacher: Diego Alexander Leon Delgado

Grade: Ninth Grade

Year: Twenty Two / Two Four Twenty-one

Introduce myself

GOOD MORNING

- My name is: Juan Pablo Gutiérrez Parra
- I am from: Colombia
- My nationality is Colombian
- I am a student at Colegio Parroquial Santo Cura de Ars
- I am a night grade
- I Live with: My sister, Two Cousins, my uncle and aot, My parents, ~~am~~ granphader and granmother.
- I speak: Spanish
- My favorite Subject: Biologist
- My favorite Animal is: The prehistoryc whale and Actual Whale
- My age is: four Teen years

Hail Mary

Hail Mary.

Full of Grace

The lord is with thee
Blessed art Thou among women,
and blessed is the fruit of thy womb, Jesus,
of the
Holy Mary, Mother of god,
Pray for us sinners

now and at the hour of death.

Amen.

Our Father

Our Father, who art in heaven,

Hallowed be thy name,
Thy Kingdom come,
Thy will be done
on earth as it is in heaven.

Cover us this day our daily bread
and forgive us our trespasses,
as we forgive those
who trespass against us.

And lead us not in to temptation
but deliver us from evil.

Amen...

N.º 70. Q2A98

- 1) Past simple
- 2) Past perfect
- 3) Past perfect continuous

Cost: 205

1) Identificar la forma de los verbos según el pasado.

Comprender los tiempos del tiempo pasado simple.

Identificar la función del tiempo pasado perfecto simple

Identificar la función del tiempo pasado perfecto continuo

Summer Pasts

The ~~best~~ days of any are the rainy ones. We spend all year looking forward to nice weather and long, hot days. All of winter, with its dreary days and bitter cold, we dream of ~~these~~ these endless days of the beach, laying on the sand and soaking in the bright and burning sun. And then summer comes and rains.

As a child, I would wake up to rainy summer days and come close to crying. It wasn't fair. We suffered through months of school and miserable weather for these great ten weeks of freedom and balmy weather. Any day that could not spend at the beach or playing ball with my friends seemed like a punishment for something I didn't even do.

On days being summer days, I had nothing fun to do and could only sit inside, staring out at the rain like Robinson Crusoe. I used to be so angry so I was not really there, but he did not realize my play with me. Since he was indirectly at work and those days felt like you would not be there the next day.

As an adult, though my opinion of summer has not changed when you have to work every day, however, it and its rainy days are not that long any more. The days are together, looking job and other so that they are longer.

Seem like separate entities and instead feel like continuations of the same long day. Everything seems more tones and dull, and an ennuí or listlessness hits. In such a mind-set makes you cheer for anything new or different. I spend the winter dreaming of summer dreaming of winter. When summer comes, I complain about how hot it is, and then I look forward to the rain because the rain brings with it a cold front, which offers a reprieve. Admittedly one that is all too short - from the torture of 100° and humid days, rainy days are still the worst days of the summer, but summer rain today means positively beautiful and considerably cooler - weather tomorrow.

Vocabulary

- 1 Wash: Baor
- 2 Spend: Gastar
- 3 Forward: far Modera
- 4 Better: A morge
- 5 Endless: Interminable
- 6 Lay: Tendido
- 7 Bright: Brillante
- 8 burning: Ingento
- 9 Self: erendi: Sorfista
- 10 Through: a través de
- 11 Sent: Entosa
- 12 Freedom: Libertad
- 13 Seemed: Pareció
- 14 Punishment: Castigo
- 15 Nicken: No
- 16 Actively: Activamente
- 17 Bleeding: Sangrada
- 18 Seem: Parecer
- 19 Anti: Fier: Enfiteas
- 20 instead: en lugar de
- 21 Feel: sentir
- 22 Bull: Aburrido
- 23 Kick: Patadas
- 24 Mindset: Mentaldad
- 25 Complain: quejarse
- 26 forward: hacia adelante

Scribe

Date: 15th February 2011 (Monday)

Question according to the summer rain.

1 The passage makes use of language that is

- A. Metaphorical ✓
- B. Rhetorical
- C. Formal
- D. Ambiguous

2 According to the passage summer is different for adults because

- A. Rain brings with it cold temperatures for the following days
- B. The weather is much warmer than it's for children
- C. They don't get a long time off from work for the season
- D. They better know how to occupy their downtime

3 Compared to how he or she was as a child, the narrator as an adult is

- A. More realistic
- B. Less exorable
- C. More idealist
- D. Less calm

4 AS used in the final paragraph, the word "reprise" most nearly means:

- A. a permanent conclusion
- B. a short continuation
- C. a higher level or pair
- D. a temporary break

5 According to the passage, which of the following is a true statement about the narrator as a child?

After 10:00, we often found us summer days
Ditto or she prepared water under
the or she had strong indoors
Ditto or she had no settings

1. A verb tense which is used to show that a completed action took place at specific time in the past. The simple past is also frequently used to talk about past habits and generalizations.

Example: 1) I went to the shopping yesterday. (go)

2) The students studied for the last exam. (study)
They have

1st Simple Tense

We use the past tense to talk about

- 1) Something that happened once in the past
- 2) Something that happened again and again in the past
- 3) Something that was true for some time in the past

Example

- 1) Lived abroad for ten years
- He enjoyed being a student
- She played a lot of tennis when she was younger
- 1) Spoke with my friend the last night

In English, you can find two kinds of verbs: Regular and irregular; for that reason, you have to know the next rules

Spelling Notes

1 Add -ed

to the base form of most verbs

- start - started
- finish - finished
- wash - washed

2 Add only -d

When the base form ends in an e

- live - lived
- core - cored
- die - died

3 If the verb ends in a consonant

1

1, change the y to i and add -ed

- dry - dried
- carry - carried
- spy - spied

4 If the verb ends in a vowel + y

don't change the y - just add -ed

- play - played
- play - played
- destroy - destroyed

5 If the verb has one syllable and ends in a consonant vowel - consonant (CVC) double the final consonant and add -ed

stopped

I Don't double final

work

Sew - Sewed

Mix - Mixed

Irregular Verbs

examples

The irregular verbs don't have rulers, for that reason you have to learn

	Past	Participle
Speak	Spoke	Spoken
Drink	Drank	Drunk
hold	held	held
leave	left	left

Activity

Write the past form of the verbs in Brackets

Mary lived in Paris ten years ago

She worked as a teacher there

Her flat ~~be~~ was near the snake cover

She could see ~~to~~ ^{case} Aloums. He ~~be~~ a painter.

He painted beautiful portraits.

Mary had a small green car. She drove her car to work every day but she ~~used~~ ^{rode} her bike on Sundays.

Mary ate grapes every day. They were delicious! She sometimes drank some red wine. She didn't eat scargo. Mary didn't like snails.

Her best friend Anette lived in Versailles. Mary sometimes visited her. They played tennis or went on picnics. On rainy days they played cards or watched a film.

Regular Irregular

Lived - live was - be

worked - work had - have

Painted - Paint Drove - Drive

Lived - live rode - ride

visited - visit ate - eat

played - play were - be (plural)

watched - watch Drank - Drink

went - go