

D Read the following text and answer the questions.

The Carnivorous Plant Exhibit

Welcome to the carnivorous plant exhibit at the National Museum for Plants and **Wildlife**. For the next three months, the museum will display two popular species of carnivorous plants: **the Venus Flytrap** and the Asian **Pitcher** Plant.

Carnivorous plants are predatory green plants that capture and eat other animals. These plants **attract**, catch, digest, and process the nutrients from insects all on their **own**.

They are able to do this, because the leaves of these plants have special colors and nectar that can attract and trap insects. On Saturdays at 11:00 am, 1:00 pm, and 3:00 pm, a carnivorous plant expert will lecture about carnivorous plants and **demonstrate** this captivating **feeding** process in the promenade **outside** of the exhibit. You won't be able to keep your eyes off of this **extremely** interesting display!



Venus Flytrap

The Venus Flytrap is probably the most familiar species of carnivorous plant. They **typically** grow in the **southeast** part of the United States, because they **prosper** in warm, moist climates. Venus Flytraps are mostly known for consuming flies, but they will eat any insect that happens to become entangled in their trap. Because of their **brightly** colored insides, insects are **easily** attracted to Venus Flytraps. Once it lands, an insect will become stuck to the sticky pad. The **trap** will **slowly** begin to close and finally snap shut before it consumes the insect. It may take several days for an insect to be digested. If a Venus Flytrap is closed, you can tell it must have **recently** dined.

Asian Pitcher Plant

The Asian Pitcher Plant is named for its leaves, **which** resemble a beautiful **pitcher**. These plants typically grow near **ponds**. They are so attractive to insects because their pitcher-shaped leaves are multi-colored and mimic flowers. These leaves also produce tantalizing nectar. A curious insect will **approach**, take a sip, and then fall into the **long** narrow shoot to its **death**. The shoot is lined with sticky hairs that aid in capturing and digestion. Usually, they only consume small insects; but once in a while a small **lizard** or frog may **stumble** into the shoot and the Asian Pitcher Plant does not discriminate. If it fits, it feeds!

- 1 This passage would most likely be found in
- a science fiction story
 - b gardening magazine article
 - c science fair invitation
 - d museum exhibit booklet
- 2 According to the passage, carnivorous plants are
- a known for mostly consuming flies, but will eat other insects
 - b predatory green plants that capture and eat other animals
 - c so attractive because of their beautifully shaped leaves
 - d plants that are consumed by carnivorous animals in the wild
- 3 Based on information in paragraph 1, it can be understood that captivating belongs to which word group?
- a capturing, catching, ensnaring
 - b modeling, indicating, displaying
 - c fascinating, enthralling, interesting
 - d shocking, amazing, inspiring

The carnivorous plant exhibit:

wildlife: fauna silvestre

venus flytrap: venus atrapamoscas

pitcher: lanzadera

attract: atraer

own: propia

demonstrate: demostrar

feeding: alimentación

extremely: extremadamente

typically: típicamente

southeast: sureste

prosper: prosperar

easily: fácilmente

brightly: brillantemente

slowly: lentamente

recently: recientemente

booklet: folleto

asian: asiático

fonds: estanques

lizard: lagartija

stumble: tropiezo

death: muerte

approach: acercarse