

Materials

A material is what **something** is made of. There are 6 basic materials. Most **things** are **made** with these materials, some things are made of **metal**. Some things are made of **glass**. Some things are made of **wood**. Some things are made of **cloth**. And some things are made of **plastic**. There are some other materials. But **they** are not used as **these** 6 materials.

Let's talk about **metal** first. Metal is very **heavy**. And it is very hard and **strong**. It usually **feels** cool if you **touch** it. We use metal to make **lots** of things. We use it for **forks** and **knives**. We use it for **keys**. We use it for **cars**. We use it for these **things** because it is very **strong**.

Next let's talk about glass. Glass is very **smooth**. It feels cool to touch. It is not as **heavy** as metal. It is hard but it is not strong. It **breaks** very easily. Then why do we use it? We use it because it is clear. You can see **through** glass. **That's** why we use it for **windows**. **That's** also why we use it for glasses.

Now let's talk about wood. Wood is **tougher** than metal and glass. It is not as strong as metal. But it is much stronger than glass. We use wood to **make** lots of things. Things made from wood are **usually** light and hard and strong. **Chairs** and **tables** are made from wood. **Pencils** are made from wood.

Now let's talk about ~~cloth~~, cloth is very light. it is much ~~lighter~~ than wood. And it is very ~~soft~~ we use cloth to make lots of things. for example, it is used to make clothing. And it is used to make ~~blankets~~.

~~Last~~, let's talk about plastic. Plastic is also very light. But it is different from cloth. ~~sometimes~~ it is soft. And sometimes it is ~~hard~~. Plastic can be used to make thin plastic bags. ~~these~~ are light, ~~soft~~, and strong. but plastic can also be used to make bicycle helmets. these are light, hard and strong. A ~~helmet~~ and a bag seem different. but they are ~~both~~ made from plastic.

Vocabulary

- | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| ◦ something algo | ◦ feels siente |
| ◦ things cosas | ◦ touch tocar |
| ◦ made hecho | ◦ loses pierde |
| ◦ metal metal | ◦ forks tenedores |
| ◦ glass vidrio | ◦ knives cuchillos |
| ◦ wood madera | ◦ keys teclas |
| ◦ cloth tela | ◦ things cosas |
| ◦ plastic plastico | ◦ smooth suave |
| ◦ these estos | ◦ breaks rompe |
| ◦ they ellos | ◦ through a traves de |
| ◦ heavy pesado | ◦ tighter mas apretado |
| ◦ strong fuerte | ◦ make hacer |

1) Which sentence from the passage best describes the main idea?

R: C There are 5 basic materials

2) According to the passage, which of these things is a material?

R: D Wood

• METAL

- + spoons
- + knives
- + forks
- + Nuts and bolts
- + Pipelines
- + Pair of scissors
- + cans
- + Hoya's
- + crafts
- + tripods

• GLASS

- + mirrors
- + windows
- + doors
- + glasses
- + dishes
- + thermos

+ light bulb

+ screen

+ vases

+ refractory

• WOOD

+ tables

+ back bars

+ chairs

+ cupboard

+ beds

+ boards

+ doors

+ frames

+ picture

+ drawers

• cloth

+ sacks

+ shirts

+ pants

+ divers

+ jackets

+ jeans

+ back

+ curtains

- + pajamas
- + beds pread
- PLASTIC
- + thermos
- + dishes
- + glasses
- + key boards
- + hosters
- + rules
- + baggage
- + handbags
- + wallets
- + mechanical pencil

3) According to the passage, how does glass feel?

B: A smooth and cool

4) In paragraph 4, the passage says. "Wood is lighter than metal and glass". What is the main purpose of this sentence?

B: C to compare something

5) Which material would you use if you wanted to make something that was strong and very light?

B: A Plastic

6) In this passage, the author talks about

B: B heavy things first, then light things