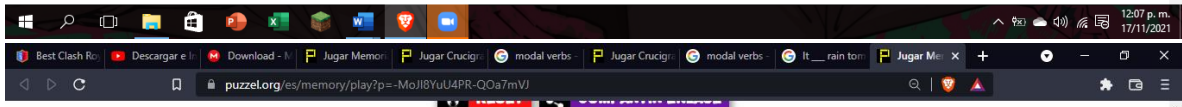








simple present	past simple	comparative
past simple	comparative	simple present



	Accept	Happier	Good
		Drew	Drank
	Bad		



3 It rain tomorrow

HORIZONTAL

- 3 It rain tomorrow
- 5 Comparative of Difficult
- 6 Comparative of Thin

VERTICAL

- 1 Comparative of Old
- 2 Comparative of heavy
- 4 What.....they learn?

3 It rain tomorrow

1 the opposite of gross

HORIZONTAL

- 5 the opposite of fast
- 7 the opposite of sad
- 9 the opposite of being happy

VERTICAL

- 1 the opposite of gross
- 2 the opposite of harmless
- 3 lo contrario de lo pequeño
- 4 the opposite of better
- 6 the opposite of low
- 8 the opposite of worse

3 used to talk about situations that were possible in the past but did not occur

HORIZONTAL

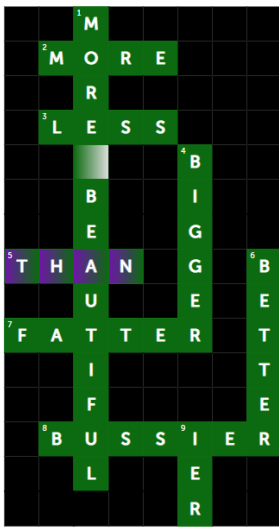
- Comparative of bad
- used to talk about situations that were possible in the past but did not occur
- comparative of mad
- Comparative of cheap

VERTICAL

- We use it when we want to talk about habits or customs of the past.
- It is used to express obligations, recommendations or advice
- in affirmative or negative sentences, always followed by an infinitive verb to express probability in the future, and at the beginning of the questions to ask permission with a certain education

more expensive	expensive	big	happy
bigger	larger	happier	better
tall	taller	good	large

puzzleOrg/es/crossword/play?p=-MoK4oRmtKgtjjEcvT



HORIZONTAL


- 2 If an adjective has two or more syllables, we add the word in front to create the comparative form.
- 3 We use to say that someone or something has an inferior quality, size or characteristic.
- 5 When you refer to the two people/things you are comparing, you need to use
- 7 For irregular one-syllable adjectives in English, ending in a consonant and preceded by a vowel, you must double the final consonant as fat
- 8 When the adjective ends in -y, you must replace it with -i and add -er or -ier as happy

VERTICAL


- 1 In long adjectives, the comparative is formed with the term more before the adjective as beautiful
- 4 To form the comparative, just add -er to the end of the adjective as big
- 6 Although most adjectives fall within the category of regular, however, there are some that are irregular and that are very commonly used as good
- 9 When the adjective ends in -y, you must replace it with -i and add


puzzleOrg/es/memory/play?p=-MoI9UJURCobNCDi4ddi

Think







Run





Help

He was the man who saved my life	It rained all night	
		We went by bus in that occasion
	I traveled around your country last summer	

use was and were correctly

there	were	some	tea	on	the	table
-------	------	------	-----	----	-----	-------

there	was	no	honey	left		
-------	-----	----	-------	------	--	--

there	were	two	woman	in	that	room
-------	------	-----	-------	----	------	------

the	boss	was	asleep	when	he	came	in
-----	------	-----	--------	------	----	------	----

RESET PRINT SHARE LINK

6 something is wrong



The crossword grid contains the following words:

- 1. HOTTER
- 2. A
- 3. M
- 4. OLDER
- 5. BIGGER
- 6. WORSE
- 7. FASTER
- 8. NICER
- 9. NOISIER

Word 6, "WORSE", is highlighted in purple. The letter 'E' at the end of "WORSE" is also highlighted in purple.

ACROSS

- high temperatures
- big-long-tall
- too-exclusive
- something describes-past era
- something-that-is-good
- too-extensive-or-large
- something is wrong
- person-who-runs-a-lot
- something-nice-that-is-fine
- too-loud

DOWN

6 something is wrong

6 something is wrong