

$$5 + 7 - 2 + 4 - 8 =$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \diagdown \diagup \\ 12 - 2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \diagdown \diagup \\ 10 + 4 = 14 - 8 = 10 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \diagdown \diagup \\ 6 \end{array}$$

$$6 \cdot 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \div 3 =$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \diagdown \diagup \quad \diagdown \diagup \quad \diagdown \diagup \quad \diagdown \diagup \\ 6 \cdot 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \\ \diagdown \diagup \quad \diagdown \diagup \quad \diagdown \diagup \quad \diagdown \diagup \\ 20 \div 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \diagdown \diagup \\ 4 \times 1,666 \end{array}$$

$$39,984 \cdot 6,664$$

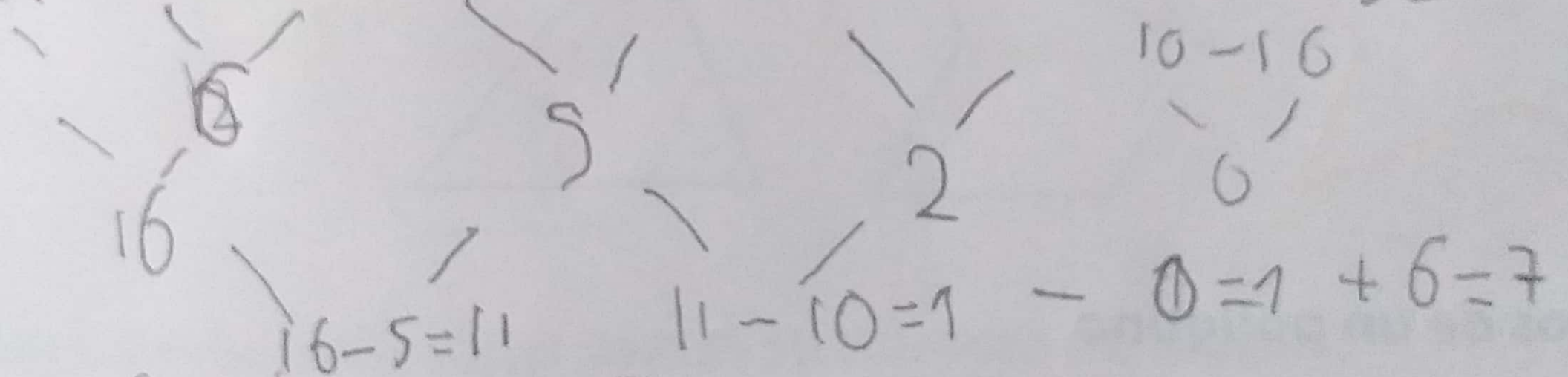
esta muy porque en la jerarquía  
de los polinomios se resuelve primero las  
divisiones

3 Teniendo en cuenta lo aprendido, resuelve el siguiente acertijo.

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet + \bullet + \bullet &= 45 \\ \bullet + \bullet + \bullet &= 23 \\ \bullet + \bullet + \bullet &= 10 \\ \bullet + \bullet + \bullet \cdot \bullet &= 77 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ \times 75 \\ \hline 165 \end{array}$$

$$[(10 + 12 \div 2) - *10 \div 2] - (10 \div 5 - 10 - 10)] + 6$$



$$2 \cdot (5 + 7) + 3 \cdot (10 - 7)$$

$5 + 7 = 12$   
 $12 \cdot 2 = 24$   
 $10 - 7 = 3$   
 $3 \cdot 3 = 9$   
 $24 + 9 = 33$

$$(10 - 3 + 4 \cdot 5) - (9 \cdot 2 + 8)$$

$10 - 3 = 7$   
 $4 \cdot 5 = 20$   
 $7 + 20 = 27$   
 $9 \cdot 2 = 18$   
 $18 + 8 = 26$   
 $27 - 26 = 1$

$$\textcircled{a} (2 + 3) \times 5 = 25$$

$$\textcircled{b} (6 + 7) + 5 - 5 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\textcircled{c} (2 \cdot 6 - 5 + 5) = 7$$

$$5 \times 3 = 15 + 10 \times 3 = 30 + 5 = 35 = 7 \} = 7$$