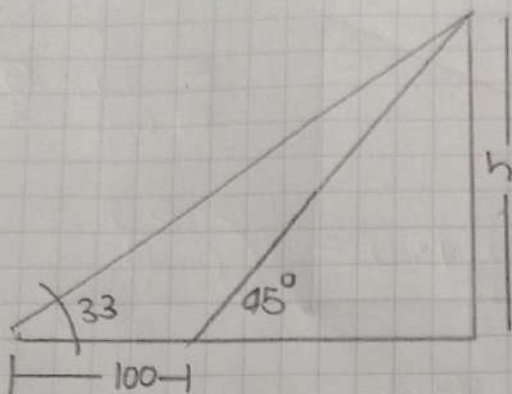


Procedimientos evaluación

2 periodo

①



$$\tan(33) = \frac{h}{100+h}$$

$$\frac{100 \cdot \tan(45) + h}{\tan(45)}$$

$$0.64 (100)(0.64) + 0.64h = h$$

$$64 + 0.64h = h$$

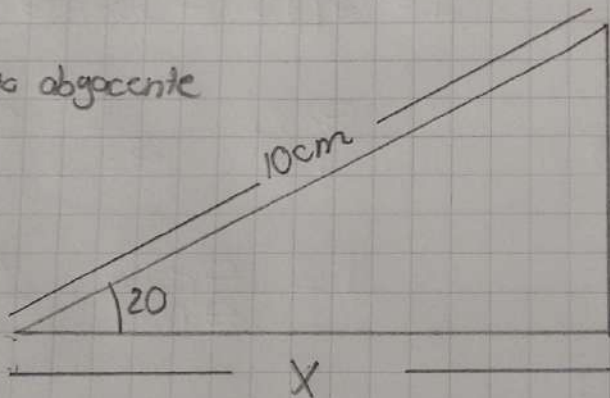
$$64 = h - 0.64h = h(1 - 0.64)$$

$$64 = 0.36 \cdot h \Rightarrow h = \frac{64}{0.36}$$

$$= 178 \text{ m}$$

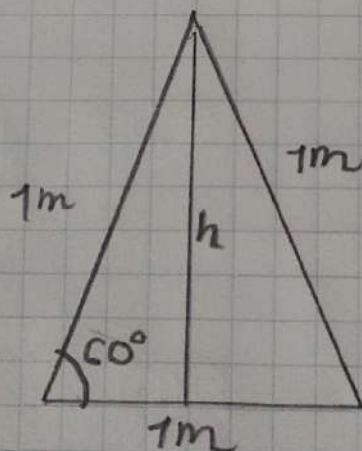
②

cateto adyacente



$$\frac{\text{c.a.}}{h} \quad \cos(20) = \frac{\text{c.a.}}{10\text{cm}} = 10 \cos(20^\circ) = 9.396$$

③



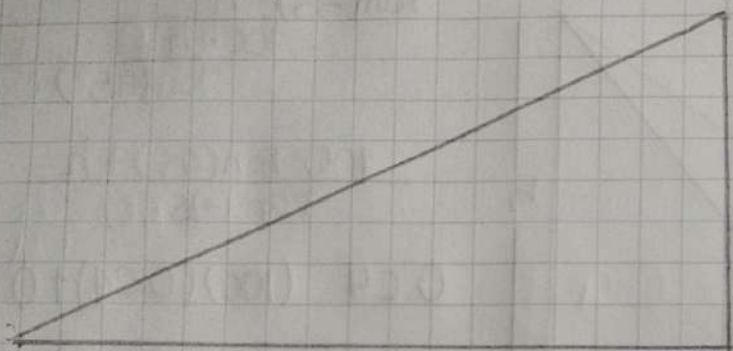
$$1(\cos(60)) = 0.5$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{Sen} = \frac{\text{c.o.}}{h} = \frac{1}{?}$$

$$h = \frac{1}{\text{Sen}(60)} \quad \frac{h=1}{0.86} = 1.16$$

4 $\sin(\theta) = \frac{1}{3} \sin(x)$, calcular $\sin(x) \cdot \csc(\theta) + 5 \tan(\theta)$



5 $1 + \tan^2(\theta) = ?$ $1 + \frac{c.o}{c.a}(\theta) = \frac{c.o + c.a}{c.a} \theta$

$$\frac{1}{c.a \theta} = \frac{h}{c.a}$$