

Adjectives are words that describe the qualities or states of being of nouns: enormous, doglike, silly, yellow, fun, fast. They can also describe the quantity of nouns: many, few, millions, eleven.



1 Choose the most suitable adjective from the brackets to fill each gap.

- a. The homeless beggar wore wet clothes. (disgusting, homeless, wet, dirty).
- b. The enormous giant lived in an old castle. (ugly, enormous, ancient, cold, old).
- c. The neat girl ate a little apple. (green, healthy, little, crunchy, juicy).
- d. The fat cat chased the tiny mouse. (fat, clever, noisy, frightened, tiny).
- e. The evil monster had a hideous nose. (long, evil, strange, metal, hideous).
- f. The funny clown had big boots (funny, heavy, big, comical, colourful).

2 Write the opposites of the bold words. See the example.

- a. Speak English is **easy**. It isn't difficult.
- b. This dress is **expensive**. It isn't cheap.
- c. That girl is **young**. She isn't old.
- d. My niece is **calm**. She isn't noisy.
- e. This object is **heavy**. It isn't lightweight.
- f. My sweater is **dry**. It isn't wet.
- g. The classroom is **crowded**. It isn't empty.
- h. We're **beautiful**. We aren't ugly.
- i. She is always **healthy**. She isn't sick.

### BANK WORDS

- difficult
- ugly
- punctual
- sick
- wet
- cheap
- old
- noisy
- lightweight
- empty