

• **WHERE**

It is used when we refer to a place and is placed after the noun referring to the place.



The box where the old toys are is in the garage.



That library, where I used to go after school, is going to be restored.

• **WHEN**

It is used when we refer to a period of time. It is placed after the noun referring to the period of time.



I still remember the day when you proposed.



The year 2010, when I went to study abroad, was the best of my life.



1 Choose the correct relative pronoun (who, which, whose).

- a. This is the bank which was robbed yesterday.
- b. A boy whose sister is in my class was in the bank at that time.
- c. The man who robbed the bank had two pistols.
- d. He came with a friend whose waited outside in the car.
- e. The woman who gave him the money was young.
- f. The people who were in the bank were very frightened.
- g. He didn't wait at the traffic lights which were red.

Decide whether the relative pronoun is necessary or not.

2. This is the picture **that** Jane painted.
1. relative pronoun is necessary
 2. relative pronoun is not necessary
3. Do you know the man **who** is speaking on the phone?
1. relative pronoun is necessary
 2. relative pronoun is not necessary
4. We ate the sweets **which** my mother had bought.
1. relative pronoun is necessary
 2. relative pronoun is not necessary
5. This is the house **that** was broken into.
1. relative pronoun is necessary
 2. relative pronoun is not necessary
6. Is this the boy **who** plays the piano?
1. relative pronoun is necessary
 2. relative pronoun is not necessary

3. Complete the sentences using a relative clauses.

- a. Catherine and Sue are two girls (like dancing) who like dancing
- b. My mobile phone is something (be very important to me) which be very important to me
- c. Antony is a friend of mine (live in Boston) who live in Boston
- d. West Side Story is a musical (be very famous) west where is very famous
- e. An airport is a place (planes land) where planes land

4 Re-write these sentences using relative clauses. Use who, whose and which.

1. He drank the juice. He made the juice. **He drank the juice which he made.**

2. A lion is an animal. It is very strong. **A lion is an animal which is very strong.**

3. The girl speaks Chinese. Her mother writes poems. **The girl speaks Chinese whose mother writes poems.**

4. A detective is someone. He discovers the truth about crimes. **a detective discovers the truth about crimes.**

5. Yesterday I met the girl. Her sister is a supermodel. **Yesterday I met the girl whose sister is a supermodel.**

5 Match the Word with the right definition.

1. A banana

2. A hat

3. A pony

4. A dentist

5. A bus

A. Is a person who pulls teeth.

B. Is a horse which is very small.

C. Is a fruit which is long and yellow.

D. Is a big car which carries a lot of people.

E. Is a thing which people wear on their heads.